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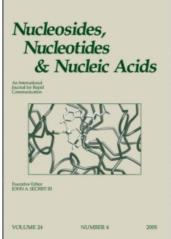
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### Synthesis of $O-\beta$ -D-Ribofuranosyl-(1"-2')-adenosine-5"-O-phosphate

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# SYNTHESIS OF O- $\beta$ -D-RIBOFURANOSYL-(1"- 2")-ADENOSINE-5"-O-PHOSPHATE

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**ABSTRACT:** The first synthesis of O- $\beta$ -D-ribofuranosyl-(1"-2')-adenosine-5"-O-phosphate starting from protected 2'-O- $\beta$ -D-ribofuranosyladenosine has been performed.

Recently a minor nucleoside was isolated from yeast methionine initiator tRNA and its structure was determined as  $O-\beta$ -D-ribofuranosyl-(1"-2')-adenosine-5"-O-phosphate (6)<sup>1,2</sup>. Here we report on the first synthesis of this compound starting from 1. The synthesis was performed according to the following scheme.

a. 0.1 M NaOMe; b. MMTrCl/Py; c. Ac<sub>2</sub>O/Py; d. Bu<sub>4</sub>NF/THF; e. *p*-TsOH/ CHCl<sub>3</sub>/MeOH; f. NC(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>OPO<sub>3</sub>H<sub>2</sub>/DCC/Py; g.NH<sub>3</sub>/MeOH; h. 1M NaOH.

Fully protected 2'-O- $\beta$ -D-ribofuranosyladenosines (1) were prepared by condensation of  $N^6$ ,3',5'-O-protected adenosine with slight excess of 1,2,3,5-tetra-O-acetyl(benzoyl)- $\beta$ -D-ribofuranoses in the presence of 1.2 eq. of tin tetrachloride in dichloroethane (0°C, under nitrogen)<sup>3,4</sup>. It should be mentioned that the yield of disaccharide with O-benzoyl groups was higher (50% and 75% for 1a and 1b respectively).

Treatment of 1a with NaOMe for 10 min gave 2 in 82 % yield. The same deprotection of 1b proceeded much more slowly and was accompanied by the formation of several products. The overall yields for these two steps using O-acetyl and O-benzoyl groups were near the same (41-42%). The 5'-hydroxyl group of additional O-ribofuranosyl moiety in 2 was protected with monomethoxytrityl group. The conversion of  $2 \rightarrow 5$  was achieved using standard methods without difficulties. The phosphorylation of 5 with subsequent deprotection gave  $6^5$  in overall good yield. The structures of 1-6 were proven by NMR spectroscopy.

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- 5. 'H NMR (400.13 MHz) (D<sub>2</sub>O) of 6: 8.33 s (1H, H-8), 8.17 s (1H, H-2), 6.17 d (1H,  $J_{1',2'} = 6.3$  Hz, H-1' Ado), 4.97 d (1H,  $J_{1',2'} = 1.0$  Hz, H-1' Rib), 4.82 dd (1H,  $J_{2',3'} = 5.3$  Hz, H-2' Ado), 4.56 dd (1H,  $J_{3',4'} = 3.2$  Hz, H-3' Ado) 4.25 ddd (1H,  $J_{4',5'a} = 2.5$  Hz,  $J_{4',5'b} = 3.6$  Hz, H-4' Ado), 4.16 dd (1H,  $J_{3',2'} = 4.7$  Hz,  $J_{3',4'} = 6.5$  Hz, H-3' Rib), 4.13 dd (1H, H-2' Rib), 3.92 ddd (1H,  $J_{4',5'a} = 4.2$  Hz,  $J_{4',5'b} = 6.3$  Hz, H-4' Rib), 3.89 dd (1H,  $J_{5'a,5'b} = -12.9$  Hz, H-5'a Ado), 3.80 dd (1H, H-5'b Ado), 3.68 ddd (1H,  $J_{5'a,5'b} = -11.6$  Hz,  $J_{5'a,p} = 6.1$  Hz, H-5'a Rib), 3.44 ddd (1H,  $J_{5'b,p} = 6.4$  Hz, H-5'b Rib). <sup>31</sup>P NMR (161.98 MHz) (D<sub>2</sub>O): 1.92.